

Miss Sukey Smith. Her daddy had been a sailor. Her eyes were grey and looked serene Upon her favorite sailor.

The sailor was a jolly youth, And nimble, short and brawny; The yellow fever took him off, And when I heard that he was gone— It's now—said I—never!

I shared myself and grieved my shoes, And tried to look quite clever.

I played myself from top to toe, And thought and mumbled Dobbin; But all the way I rode along, My heart kept up a throbbin'.

And when I reached my daddy's house, It still kept up a throbbin'; But when I saw that lovely maid, It kinder stopped a jumpin'.

Two little feet in her feet, I knelt, and yet ere dinner, With honeyed speech and winning ways, I had contrived to win her.

She said she'd never let me go, I urged, entreated, plead in vain— In vain I'd caress her.

With muffled sobs and sobs and sobs, My rival from the mines returned, I saw him kinder side up, And slip his arm around her.

When, heaven and earth, she let him kiss Those precious lips! Confound her!

I told her that I was surprised, My eyes had sure deceived me; And asked her to renew her vow, And from suspense relieve me.

When, don't you think, she turned pale, Her fingers wringed as she said— "Come, it's little better!"

The husband's Commandments.

1. Thou shalt have no other husband beside me.
2. Thou shalt not take into thy heart any thought which is not interwoven with me, for I am a jealous husband.
3. Thou shalt not covet thy husband's society, time or affection, or anything that is thy husband's, for behold he is thy lord and not thy lover.
4. Thou shalt honor thy husband's relatives, for by this ye shall know whether thou lovest thy husband or no.
5. Thou shalt not fail to have thy husband's dinner in season.
6. Thou shalt not find fault if thy husband does not come to dinner punctually.
7. Thou shalt not desire fried oysters if thy husband desires steak.
8. Remember thy husband, to keep his shirts nicely done up, never minus a button; and his wardrobe generally in good condition, whereby thou wilt save thyself a dose of *Udd Columbia*.
9. Thou shalt not use thy husband's credit, or anything that belongeth to him.
10. Thou shalt not tease thy husband for anything.
11. Thou shalt always keep thyself and thy children looking well.
12. Thou shalt not let the children cry while thy husband is in the house.
13. Thou shalt not oppose thy husband, for he is a lord of creation—in imagination.
14. Thou shalt not order any woman out of the house, lest it might not be agreeable to thy husband's feelings.
15. Thou shalt not consult thy husband's peculiarities on all occasions.
16. Thou shalt not chew the cud of bitter disappointment.
17. Thou shalt not lean upon thy husband, for he is weak.
18. Thou shalt be strong.
19. Thou shalt be firm.
20. Thou shalt be energetic.
21. Thou shalt be tractable and affectionate.
22. Thou shalt be gentle and beautiful.
23. Thou shalt be amiable and lovely.
24. Thou shalt not advise.
25. Thou shalt not condemn.
26. Thou shalt have no will of thy own.
27. Thou shalt not shed tears, for thy husband knoweth what is best for thee; his judgment is infallible.
28. Verily I say unto you weak vessels, be strong, for if all the commands of a husband were recorded, all the books in the world could not contain them. Nevertheless, if thou wilt keep these commands and do them, thou shalt have the satisfaction of knowing that thy husband esteems thee a weak-minded woman.

Consequences.—A gentleman having advertised for a servant, a black man applied for a situation.

The old gentleman inquired of him whether he understood consequences.

"Because if you do not you will not suit me."

Sambo requested him to explain himself, as he did not know as he exactly understood the meaning of the term.

"Why," said the gentleman, "if I tell you to set the dinner table, I shall expect you to lay the cloth, put on the dishes, sauce, etc., as a necessary consequence, without my being under the necessity of mentioning every item to be placed on the table."

"Oh, yes," said Sambo, "if that's what you call consequences I shall try to suit you."

Accordingly Sambo was employed and suited the old man very well—minding to carry out consequences in every particular.

At length the old gentleman was taken ill, and Sambo sent in haste for the doctor.

Sambo waited not only with the doctor, but the lawyer to write the will, the undertaker to take the dimensions of the coffin and the grave-digger to dig the grave, etc.

"Why Sambo," said the old gentleman, "I merely sent you for the doctor, and why do you bring all these here?"

"Because," said Sambo, "you told me I must always consider consequences, and I thought these men (pointing to the men of law and death) the necessary consequences of having the doctor."

Virginius youth gradually brings forward virtuous manhood.

Congressional.

SENATE, May 10.—Mr. Seward presented the petition of the Legislature of New York, in favor of the Light House Board, and of Mr. Phelps (of Mo.) Pacific R. R. bill.

Mr. Doolittle offered a resolution that the President communicate all the correspondence concerning the arrest of Gen. Walker, and of the seizure of property belonging to persons under his command by Capt. Paulding; also for information why certain correspondence on the subject was withdrawn from the files of the Navy Department.

Mr. Seward called for the yeas and nays on the question of taking up the bill for the improvement of the harbor at Chicago, with the view of making it the test whether the Senate will take up the several harbor appropriation bills. The motion was lost by a vote of 34 against 22.

The bill for the repeal of the fishing bounty act was taken up and a discussion ensued on amendments to repeal the duty on salt and sugar.

The amendment to the amendment repealing the duty on sugar was lost, 27 against 20. The amendment itself repealing the duty on salt was lost, 41 against 18. The bill being reported, Mr. Wilson moved that it do not take effect till the 1st of Dec., 1852—lost, 30 against 26. The bill was then passed by a final vote of 30 against 23. It takes effect from Dec. 31st, 1859.

The Homestead bill was then taken up, but without action the Senate adjourned.

A message was received from the President enclosing a letter from the Secretary of the Navy, on the subject of British aggressions on the Gulf of Mexico, and referred to the committee on Foreign Relations, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Pugh, of Ohio, offered a resolution inquiring if the Mexican Government have revoked the grant for a road across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, and if so, that step be taken to renew it.

Horses.—On motion of Mr. Harris, of Illinois, the Committee on Elections were discharged from the further consideration of the memorial of Mr. Brooks, contesting the seat of Mr. Davis, of Md. Mr. Harris gave notice that he would to-morrow call up the Ohio contested case.

On motion of Mr. Marshall, a resolution was adopted calling on the President for all the information in his possession relative to the Sloss Tehuantepec grant, including the instructions of Minister Forsyth on the subject, and whether the grant has passed into the hands of other parties under the advice of the President, and whether any contract has been made, and if so, to whom and on what security.

Mr. Singleton, of Miss., from the Committee on Printing, reported a resolution which was adopted, to print 200,000 copies of the agricultural part of the report of the patent office. He said it would cost 50 or 60 cents a volume.

On motion of Mr. Pettit, the further consideration of the Fort Snelling report was postponed until next Wednesday.

Mr. Nichols, of Ohio, from the Committee on Printing, called up the resolutions modifying former orders, that no extra copies of the charts of the Pacific Railroad surveys be printed for distribution; that the printing of the volume comprising the narrative of the expedition under Gen. Stephens be suspended until a further order of the House, and that 300 instead of 10,000 extra copies of Emory's Mexican boundary survey be printed.

Mr. Nichols said the committee only proposed to suspend work not completed under contract; the action proposed would save \$15,000. The resolutions were adopted by a vote of 115 against 65.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Civil Appropriation bill.

The bill was amended somewhat in committee, and reported to the House. Adjourned.

TO RAISE POTATOES.—A correspondent of the *Prairie Farmer* states that having noticed how potatoes were interrupted in their growth, and invariably pinched away and died if disturbed and bruised when wet with dew or rain, he selected a patch of potatoes field, the whole of which was good soil and in good order to try an experiment. This patch he only plowed once, and then loosened the soil with the hoe when the vines were above ground, and in the heat of the day when they were perfectly dry. He never touched them afterward until they were dug in October last year. These vines kept green throughout the season, and the yield of potatoes was very large. The other portion of this same potato field was purposely worked three times, when the vines were wet with dew. Those blighted early, did not produce half a crop, and the potatoes were of a very inferior quality. The ground, seed and time of planting in both patches were the same.

At this season of the year the foregoing may be very useful information to many of our farmers, who do not generally pay the least attention in cultivating their potatoes, as to whether they are wet or dry.

GLASS MILK PANS.—A farmer, down in Akron, Ohio, has been experimenting with milk in glass pans. He says: I took the milk of the same cow, milked at the same time, and divided it equally, putting half in the glass pan, and half in the tin pan, and placed them side by side. In the first twenty-four hours were two thunder showers, and at the end of that time the milk in the tin pan was sour, that in the glass was sweet and good. At the end of twelve hours more, that in the tin was thick clabber, and that in the glass began to turn. From this I believe that glass pans will preserve milk one-third longer than tin pans.

None more impatiently suffer injuries than those who are most forward in inflicting them.

Place as Preaching.—The Philadelphia *Evening Argus* says: "No man can borrow himself out of debt. If you wish for relief you must work for relief; you must economize for it. You must make more and spend less than you did when you were running in debt. You must wear home-spun instead of broadcloth drink water instead of champagne, and rise at four instead of seven. Industry, frugality, economy—these are the handmaids of wealth, and sure sources of relief. A dollar earned is worth ten borrowed, and a dollar saved is worth forty times its amount in useless gewgaws. Try our scheme and see if it is not worth a thousand thanks and valuation laws."

Bible—a guide to realms of endless joy above.—**GROTHMAN.** Life—a gleam of light extinguished by the grave.

Death—a knife by which the ties of earth are riven.

"A retainer at the bar?" as the poor boy said when caught by a dog, just as he was about to mount the orchard fence.

A late writer in speaking of sour-kraut, says, it is the connecting link between damaged cabbage and pickled manure.

MAMMOTH STORE. NEW GOODS. NEW PRICES. F. G. LARZELERE.

Has just received the largest and most fashionable stock of new and splendid over introduced in this market, which will be sold cheaper than ever.

AMONG OUR DRY GOODS: PRINTS, GINGHAMS, BRILLIANTS, BARAGES, LAWNS, &c., which cannot fail to please.

I have also on hand a large and complete assortment of

GROCERIES, Boots and Shoes, HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.

In conclusion, I will say that I will be very glad to show these beautiful GOODS to such as want to BUY, and have no hesitation in saying I am not to be

UNDER SOLD! DON'T FORGET THE PLACE. F. G. LARZELERE. Dowagiac, May 13, 1855. my13-31

The Atlantic Monthly. THIS new Magazine has rapidly risen in favor, and its success is established beyond controversy. The publishers, by engaging the best writers, treating topics of living interest, providing for a variety of tastes, and above all, by an open, frank and impartial course, hope to secure for the Atlantic Monthly the largest and most intelligent and far-sighted readers.

Believing that this periodical will become a desideratum to all who take an interest in American letters, and the complete files will be valuable, the publishers would say, that the work is stereotyped, and that all the numbers can be supplied. The publication began in November, 1857.

THE FIRST VOLUME. Consisting of seven numbers is now completed. The next volume will also contain seven numbers; but hereafter the volumes will begin with January and July.

Texas.—Three dollars per annum, or twenty-five cents a number. Upon receipt of the subscription price, the Publishers will mail the Atlantic to any part of the United States, pre-paid. Subscribers may have the volume at a discount, or with any subsequent one.

CLUBS.—For Ten Dollars the Publishers will send five copies of the Atlantic for one year, the subscribers to pay their own postage.

Chapmen, Teachers and Postmasters will receive the periodical for their own use, and the terms by the hundred, etc., upon application to the Publishers. PHILLIPS, SAMPSON & Co., 12 Winter Street, Boston.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a decree granted by Clifford Shannahan, Judge of the Probate Court for the County of Cass, in the State of Michigan, I shall offer for sale at public auction, the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section nine, in Township six south of range fifteen west, in Cass County, Michigan, to wit: Said quarter of section nine, the last day of June, between the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon and the setting of the sun the same day, at the residence of Adella L. Gilman, in the village of LaGrange, in said County of Cass, for the payment of the debts of John M. Gilman, deceased, subject to the title of Adella L. Gilman, widow of said deceased. Dated May 3, 1855. ADELLA L. GILMAN, Administratrix.

Michigan Central Railroad. PASSENGER TRAINS on the Michigan Central Railroad on and after Monday, May 10th, leave Dowagiac as follows:

TRAINS WESTWARD. New York Express, 5.05 P. M. Evening Express, 2.45 A. M. Night Express, don't stop.

TRAINS EASTWARD. New York Express, 10.55 A. M. Evening Express, 3.45 P. M.

R. N. RICE, Gen'l. Supt.

JAS. PATTON & Co., Painters! House, Sign and Carriage Painting, GLAZING AND PAPER HANGING, EXECUTED in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms. Shop over Patton's new Store, opposite the American Hotel, Dowagiac, Mich. my20-17

FINE BOOTS. Mr. J. Piper, at the Daguerrian Car, RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Dowagiac and vicinity, that he is prepared to manufacture to order.

Fine Boots! of all descriptions, in the best style. 22¢ All goods warranted. Dowagiac, May 6th, 1855. my20-17

What Time is it? THE undersigned, having labored for the last seven years, improving the character and construction of

All Kinds of Watches. Will do his utmost to give satisfaction on all jobs entrusted to his care. H. W. RUGG. Dowagiac, May 10th, 1855. my20-17

By-Laws and Ordinances for the Corporation of the Village of Dowagiac.

Article 1. Be it ordained and established by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Dowagiac, and State of Michigan, That the Board of Trustees shall hold their regular meetings on the first Tuesday of each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. Special meetings of the Board of Trustees may be called on the request of the President, or any one of the Trustees, by the Clerk giving notice to the Trustees of such meetings.

Article 2. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Article 3. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That the fees for services of the several officers shall be such as the Board may from time to time direct.

Article 4. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That it shall not be lawful for any person, persons, to make or to exhibit any show or shows or to perform any plays, games, theatricals or other performances or contests whatever, or to exhibit any lottery, or any other curiosities within said corporation, for which pay or compensation shall be required or demanded of any person, persons, or to receive any money to do by the Trustees of said village, and any person so offending against the provisions of this ordinance shall be liable to a fine not less than Two nor more than Fifty Dollars for each offence.

Article 5. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That any three members of the Board of Trustees shall have power to grant licenses for shows, concerts, theatricals or other performances.

Article 6. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That if any person shall place or deposit any show or any other thing in his or her family or employ to place, deposit and leave any dead animal for any other thing which is or may be a nuisance, or a source of annoyance, or on any lot in this corporation, such person shall forfeit and pay a fine of not less than Two nor more than Twenty Dollars for each offence.

Article 7. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That all sidewalks on four foot streets, shall be twelve feet in width, and on five foot streets, shall be fourteen feet in width, measured from the line of the lot.

Article 8. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That all trees hereafter planted or set out upon any sidewalk, shall be planted within not more than two feet from the outer edge of the sidewalk, and any person violating this ordinance, shall forfeit and pay the penalty of not more than five dollars for each offence, and in case of neglect or refusal to remove the same when requested by the Marshal, so to do it shall be lawful for the Marshal to remove the same.

Article 9. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That all hitching, sign, or other post hereafter set, shall be set on the outer edge of the sidewalk, otherwise they shall be deemed a nuisance, and shall be forthwith removed by the Marshal, at a penalty of not less than two, nor more than fifty dollars.

Article 10. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That it shall not be lawful for any person, person, to mutilate, disfigure, kill or maim, or aid or abet in the mutilation, disfigure, killing or maiming of any tree or trees, or shrubbery set out or growing naturally in any park, cemetery, church, school or any other public place, or to aid or abet in any open or any public nuisance, by removal of any gate or any part of the fence, or by any other act, a penalty of not less than two, nor more than fifty dollars.

Article 11. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That it shall not be lawful for any fowl, goose or turkey, to run at large in the month of May, June, July, August, or September, in each year, within the corporation of the village of Dowagiac, except on the premises of the owner, or in the yard, garden, or on the premises of any person within said corporation, (except the premises of the owner of such animal,) may be seized, taken and disposed of in the following manner, at public auction, by the Marshal of said village, after giving forty-eight hours notice of the time and place of said sale, by posting notices in three of said public places, and in the office of the Marshal of said village, and forty cents of which may be retained by the Marshal for his fees for detaining and selling the same. If the owner of said fowl, goose or turkey, there shall be a surplus after paying said fine and costs, the same shall be paid over to the Trustees for the benefit of the poor of said village.

Article 12. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That it shall not be lawful for any swine to run at large, within the limits of the corporation of the village of Dowagiac. All swine found either at large in the streets within the corporation of this village, or in the yard, garden, or on the premises of any person within said corporation, (except the premises of the owner of such swine,) may be seized, taken and disposed of in the following manner, at public auction, by the Marshal of said village, after giving forty-eight hours notice of the time and place of said sale, by posting notices in three of said public places, and in the office of the Marshal of said village, and forty cents of which may be retained by the Marshal for his fees for detaining and selling the same. If the owner of said swine, there shall be a surplus after paying said fine and costs, the same shall be paid over to the Trustees for the benefit of the poor of said village.

Article 13. Be it further ordained and established by said Board of Trustees, That it shall not be lawful for any swine, or other disposition of the same, under the provisions of this ordinance, shall in no case subject or render liable this corporation to any expenses, thereby, or otherwise incurred.

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